## The Power of Ideas

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A PDF of the slides will be available after the session at annie.mathematicalthinking.org

## Growing Worms Scenario



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## I Notice $\quad$ I Wonder

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## Growing Worms Movies

## https://www.heinemann.com/pps/video.aspx

See, especially, the first three videos, where Val presents Growing Worms to 3rd graders. (We watched the first video during the workshop.)

## Growing Worms Student NW

## N

-made of triangles

- adding by one cube
(square) each day
- like a gro wing flower
- growing sideways like a worm
- more like a zigzag - each step all even
numbers
$-4,6,8 \ldots$ counting by 25
- body of the worm is growing each day
- each day it gets longer
- green + black
- diagonal line through
- Id shapes
- labels below each
- arrows on each end
- every day thee's one none


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## Let's Get Started!

Put your thumb up when you have an answer and are ready to describe how you figured it out.


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$$
\because \bullet \bullet
$$

$$
\because \bullet \bullet
$$

## New Guidelines

- Put your thumb up when you have an answer and are ready to describe how you figured it out.
- Add another finger for every other way you see that it could be figured out.

$$
\because \because \bullet \bullet
$$

$$
\because \because \because \bullet
$$

## How Many? How Did You Count?

## $15+16$

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## $26+49$

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## $20+15$ $30-22$

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## Number Talks



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# Which One Doesn't Belong? 

Raul had some pet mice. Xavier gave him some Rnoune maid $\oplus .0 m e$ pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more Ratad had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice. Now Raul has 8 mice.
Raul had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice. Now Raul has 8 mice. How many mice did Raul have to start with?

A Numberless Word Problem from Brian Bushart, bstockus.wordpress.com

# Numberless Word Problems 

## Routines

-How Many? How Did You Count?

- Number Talks
-Which One Doesn't Belong?
- Numberless Word Problems

I used to think my job was to teach students to see what I see. I no longer believe this. My job is to teach students to see; and to recognize that no matter what the problem is, we don't all see things the same way. But when we examine our different ways of seeing, and look for the relationships involved, everyone sees more clearly; everyone understands more deeply.

## Tell Your Partner...

- In what ways are these routines similar to routines from curricular materials you use?
- How could the ideas in these routines help you improve routines from your curricular materials?
- How Many? How Did You Count?
- Number Talks
- Which One Doesn't Belong?
- Numberless Word Problems


## Sample Grade 3 State Test Problem

The corner deli sells roses in bunches of 6. If Dylan buys 3 bunches of roses, how many roses does he have?
A. $6 \quad 18 \%$
B. $9 \quad 46 \%$
C. $1831 \%$
D. $244 \%$

Combined scores of the 160 third graders in a group of four low-performing schools I used to support.

## Sample Test Problem, Revised

The corner deli sells roses in bunches of 6. Dylan bought 3 bunches. Draw a picture of the story.


## Jekylls and Hydes in Grade 6



## CCSS Mathematical Practice 1

## Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

Mathematically proficient students start by explaining to themselves the meaning of a problem and looking for entry points to its solution.

They analyze givens, constraints, relationships, and goals.
They make conjectures about the form and meaning of the solution and plan a solution pathway rather than simply jumping into a solution attempt.

They consider analogous problems, and try special cases and simpler forms of the original problem in order to gain insight into its solution.

They monitor and evaluate their progress and change course if necessary.

## Characteristics of Strong Readers Mathematicians

- They are motivated to read. tackle problems
- They are able to read words accurately and automatically. recite facts
- They comprehend what they read.
- They are able to read with expression.
- They use a variety of strategies to tackle words they don't recognize.
- They use active problem solving strategies to search for information, to determine meaning, to make sense of words, to make connections.


## Reading Lesson Objectives

What are some reading strategies you'll teach in the first two months of school?

## Reading Strategies - Unfamiliar Words

- Sound it out
- Context clues
- Apply known patterns to a new situations


## Reading Strategies - Comprehension

- Predicting
- Estimating
- Hypothesizing
- Make a movie in your mind
- Storyboarding (beginning, middle, end)
- Story elements (character, setting, problem, solution)


## Reading Strategies - Comprehension

- Make a movie in your mind



## What Do Readers Need?

- Direct and explicit instruction in the skills and strategies of proficient reading.
- Time to talk about books. Just five minutes of conversation can ramp up comprehension.
- Most reading skills and strategies are also thinking skills and strategies.


## Your Job:

# Focus on and Monitor For Sense-Making Above All Else 

As young teachers, we believed our job was to carefully explain what we knew about mathematics to our students. We asked questions and listened to our students' answers but our listening was aimed at assessing whether our students got what we had explained rather than uncovering their understanding of the content.

We now see that we missed valuable opportunities to develop students' understanding because we did not elicit their ideas or relate their ideas to the content we were teaching.
-Susan B. Empson and Linda Levi
Extending Children's Mathematics: Fractions and Decimals

## Takeaways So Far (I Hope)

We need more sense making. It needs to be the focus on our math instruction.

Students have lots of ideas about math that we need to hear and use in our instruction.

## How Do We Do It?

## Encouraging Sense Making

Q: What's one way to cultivate a classroom focused on sense making rather than answer-getting?

A: Get rid of the question. Literally.

## Get Rid of the Question

## Apple juice costs 50¢. The juice machine accepts quarters, dimes, and nickels.

| INotice |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

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# Get Rid of the Question 

## - Relate Pictures to Tens and Ones

MP. 1 Make Sense of Problems Analyze the Problem Discuss the pictures in Exercises 1 and 2. Count the number of cars in the first row. 10 cars Explain that drivers may be directed to fill a row before parking in the next row of a parking lot. In the same way, people may be asked to fill a row of seats before sitting in the next row at a theater.

- How can a filled row help you count the number of cars or the number of people? Possible response: A filled row shows ten, so I can use the picture to count tens and extras.
- How do the cars in Exercise 1 show tens and ones? 2 filled rows show tens and 3 extra cars show ones.
- How do the people in Exercise 2 show tens and ones? There are 4 rows of ten with 6 extra ones. This time the ones are at the top and the tens are shown below.

Class Activity
(4) Math and the Community Theater Linda and her family go to a show.

I. 10 cars can park in each row.


How many cars are there?
$\qquad$
2. 10 people can sit in each row.


How many people are there?
$\qquad$ tens $\qquad$ ones = $\qquad$ people

## Get Rid of the Question



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## Get Rid of the Question



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## Ask for Questions, Not Answers



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Ask for Questions, Not Answers
pufferfish. What questions could you come up with?

What could the questions be now?
how much more is
Blah blah blah than blah
Han blah?

## Encouraging Sense-Making

Q: What's another way to cultivate a classroom focused on sense making rather than answer-getting?

A: Get rid of the question and the numbers.

## Get Rid of the Question and the Numbers

Raul had some pet mice. Xavier gave him some more mice. Raul had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice.
Raul had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice. Now Raul has 8 mice.
Raul had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice. Now Raul has 8 mice. How many mice did Raul have to start with?

A Numberless Word Problem from Brian Bushart, bstockus.wordpress.com

# Get Rid of the Question and the Numbers 

15. The area of the rectangle is One side of the rectangle has a length of 10 meters.

10 m


Get Rid of the Question and the Numbers

Caitlyn is still trying to make brownies for the class. She has the mix and milk but needs to go get eggs. A carton of eggs weighs some ${ }^{24}$, unds. Each carton has 12 eggs. Each carton costs a i 1 n amount.
How much does one egg weigh? (in ounces)

## Encouraging Sense Making

Q: What's another way to cultivate a classroom focused on sense making rather than answer-getting?

A: Give the answer and let the students do the work.

## Give the Answer

## Math Message Follow-Up

## WHOLE-CLASS ACTIVITY $\operatorname{MOMOO}^{\mathrm{M}}$

Draw or display a function machine and "What's My Rule?" table. (See Advance Preparation.)
Ask children to imagine that the function machine works like this:

- A number (the input) is dropped into the machine,
- the machine changes the number according to a rule,
- and a new number (the output) comes out the other end.

The rule for the Math Message problem is "Double the number." Write the word Double in the function machine.
Point out the "What's My Rule?" table. Discuss the 8 in the in column and the 16 in the out column. Explain to children that numbers in the in column represent the numbers of bacteria now. Corresponding numbers in the out column represent the numbers of bacteria 20 minutes from now.
Review the answers to the Math Message problem by posing questions in the following manner:

- If 50 is dropped into the function machine, which number will come out? 100 Enter the appropriate numbers in the in and out columns.



## Give the Answer



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## Give the Answer (or Severa!!)

Rachel bakes cookies and delivers them to her friends.

- It takes 8 minutes to mix the batter.
- The cookies bake for 9 minutes.
- For 6 minutes they cool.

If the answer is 23 minutes, what is the question?
If the answer is 3 minutes, what is the question?
If the answer is bake, what is the question?

## Encouraging Sense Making

Q: What's another way to cultivate a classroom focused on sense making rather than answer-getting?

A: Ask about ideas, not answers.

This can be really simple:
"Tell me something about number 7." instead of
"What's the answer to number 7?"

## Ask About Ideas, Not Answers

## It can be a little more complex:



Tell me everything you can about this figure.


Find the volume of the rectangular prism.
(from Joe Schwartz's blog, October 10, 2016)

## Ask About Ideas, Not Answers

1. Suppose 5 U.S. dollars (5 USD) can be exchanged for 64 Mexican pesos. What operation would be used to find the value of 1 USD in pesos? division

Find the value of 1 USD in pesos. 1 USD $=\ldots 12.8$
pesos

Tell everything you can about this statement: 5 U.S. dollars (5 USD) can be exchanged for 64 Mexican pesos.

# Teacher Questions 

"Why?"

"How do you know?"
"How did you decide?"
"Tell me more about that."

## Ways to Encourage Sense Making Rather Than Answer Getting

- Get rid of the question.
- Get rid of the question and the numbers.
- Give the answer.
- Ask about ideas, not answers.


## And Don't Forget

- Mostly ask questions you don't know the answer to.


# exit10a.blogspot.com 

## search for

## Then and Now

## Mingle

## Mingle Questions

On something portable (paper, even), make two lists:

1. Three things you noticed in this session that might impact the instruction of math in your classroom, school, or district.
2. Three things you are wondering.

## Mingle Instructions

- Stand up and move around.
- Find someone and introduce yourself.
- Ask them to read you what they noticed or wondered.
- Listen to their answer.
- Move on to find another person.
- No back and forth, just ask one question and listen to the answer.
- When I raise my hand, finish your conversation and raise your hand.


## Mingle Reflections

- Individually, add at least two things to each of your lists that you heard from other teachers.
- Come to a consensus on the most common Noticing and Wondering at your table (if there is consensus).
- Anyone want to share out?


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