The Power of Students' Ideas

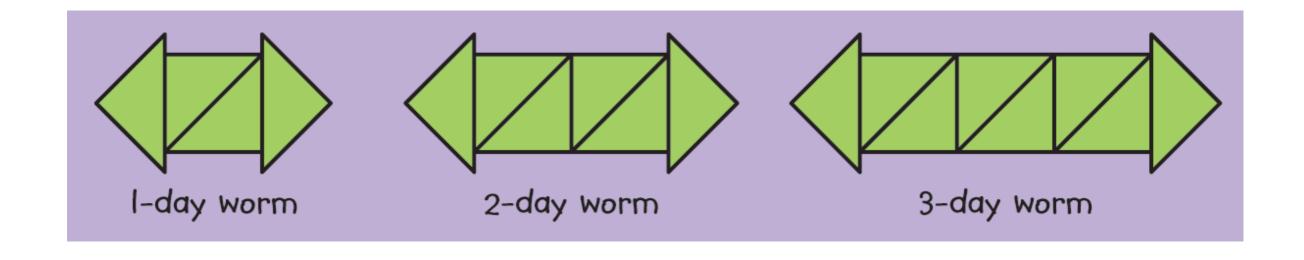
Annie Fetter

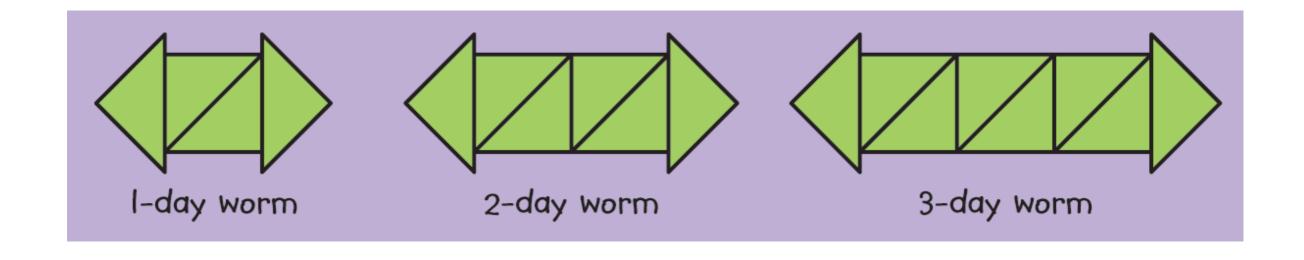
21st Century Partnership for STEM Education @MFAnnie, anniefetter@gmail.com

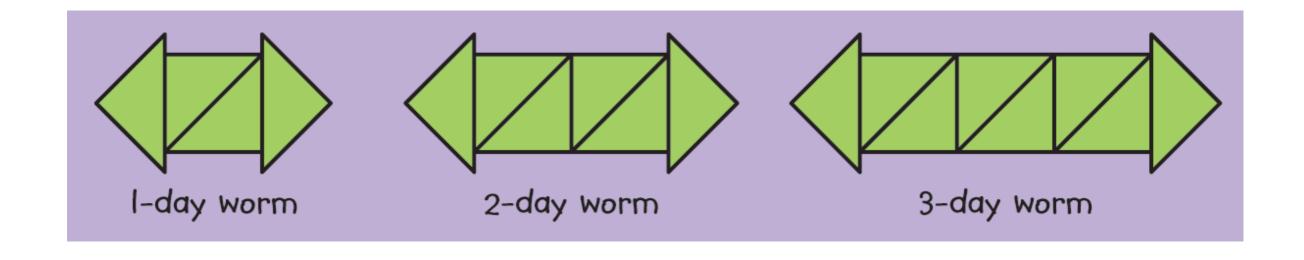
Indianapolis Regional NCTM 2022

Please sit within chatting distance of at least one other person. Make a new friend!

A PDF of the slides and pointers to some related resources will be available on my blog after the session: annie.mathematicalthinking.org

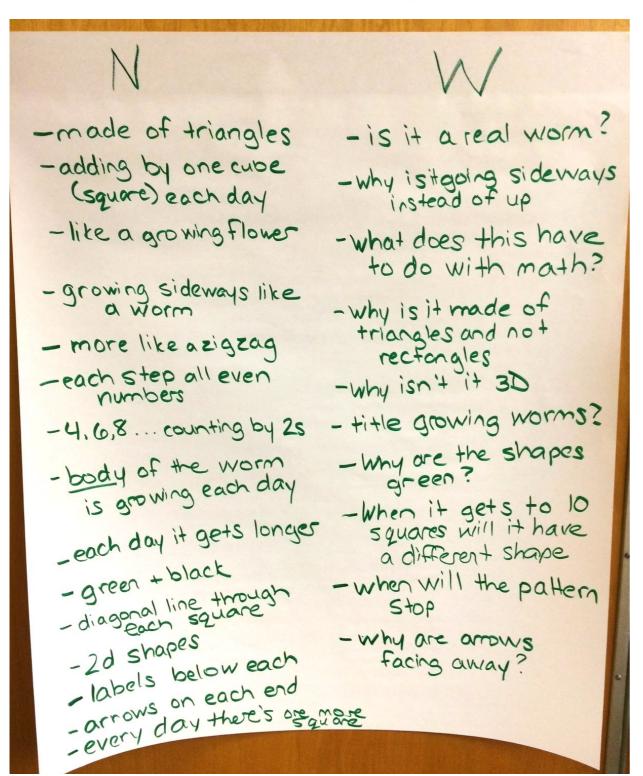


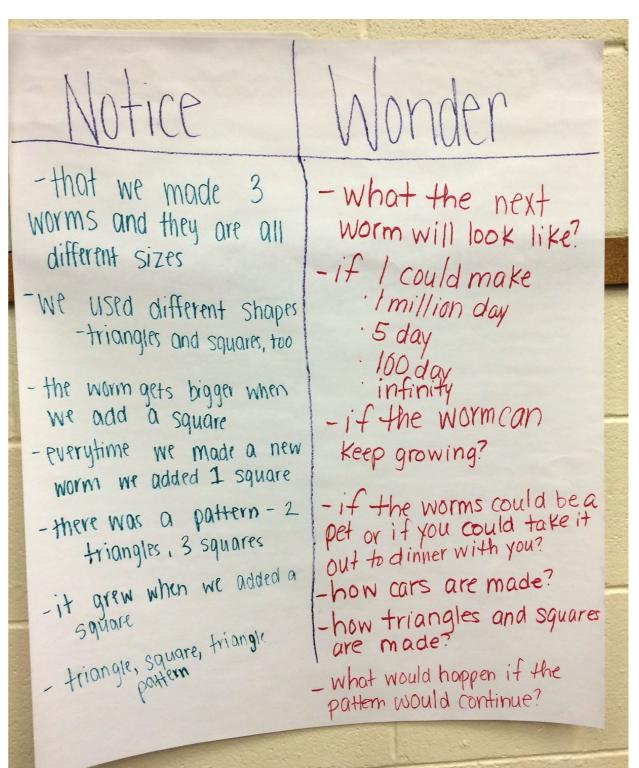




I Wonder I Notice

Growing Worms Student NW





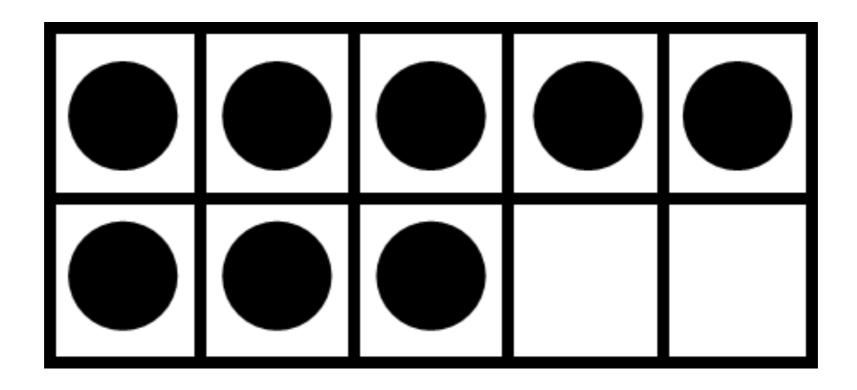
Growing Worms Movies

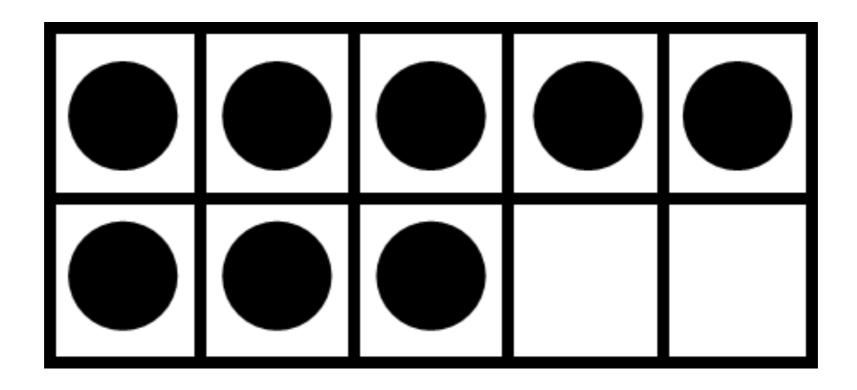
https://www.heinemann.com/pps/video.aspx

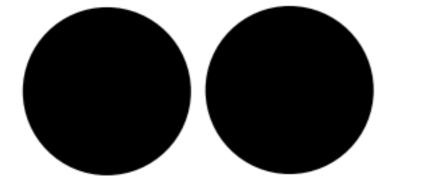
See, especially, the first three videos, where Val presents Growing Worms to 3rd graders using the same basic method we used today.

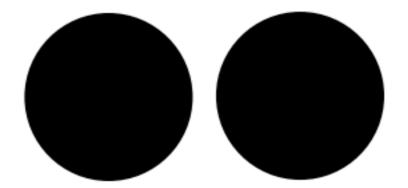
How Many? How Did You Count?

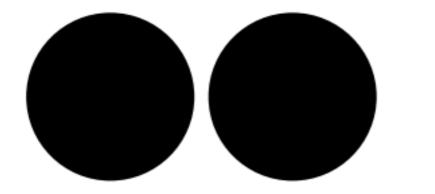
Put your thumb up when you have an answer and are ready to describe how you figured it out.

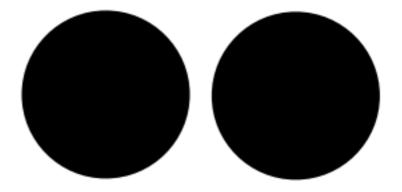


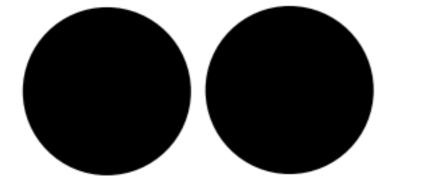


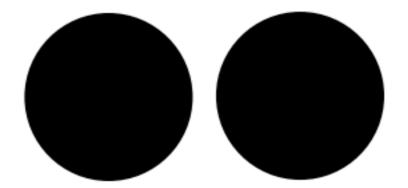


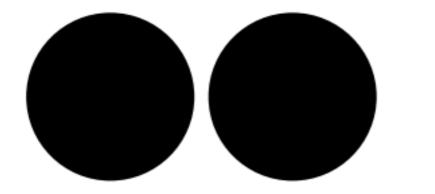


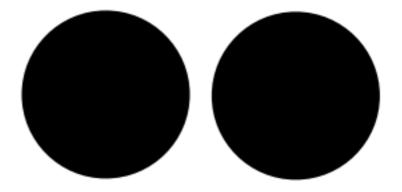






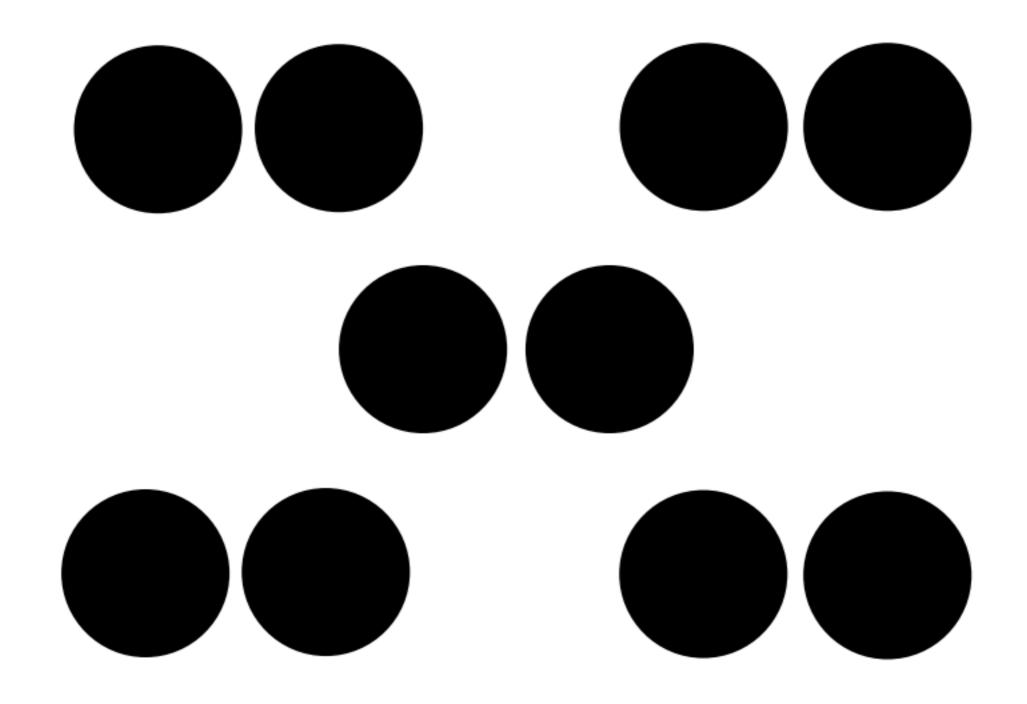






New Guidelines

- Put your thumb up when you have an answer and are ready to describe how you figured it out.
- Add another finger for every other way you see that it could be figured out.

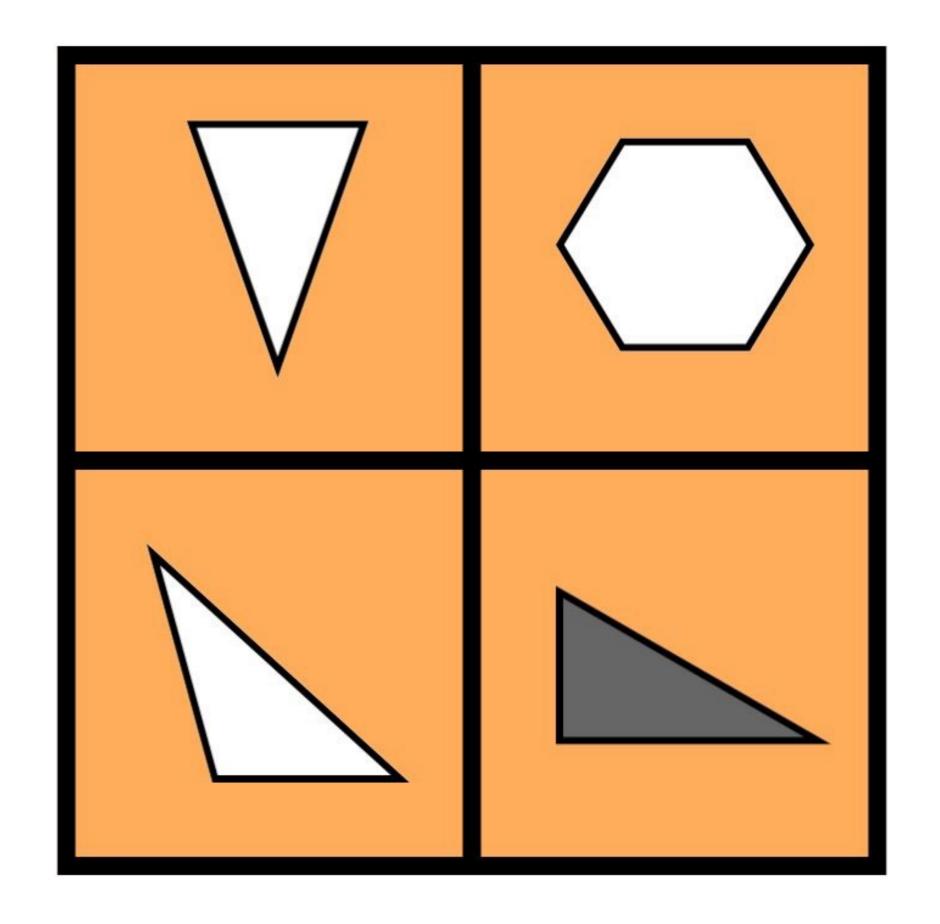


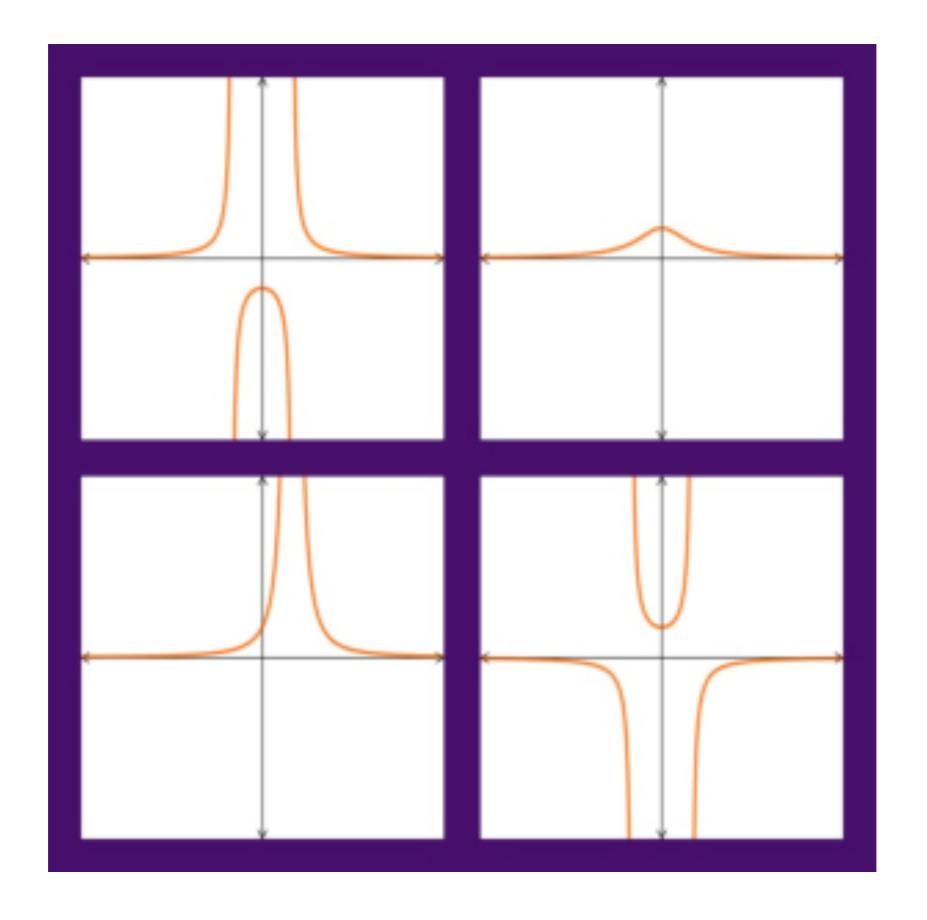
Dot Talks

26 + 49

23 x 25

Number Talks





Which One Doesn't Belong?

Some apples are on a tree.

A horse eats some apples.

Some apples are left on the tree.

Numberless Word Problems

Routines That Focus on Ideas

- •How Many? How Did You Count?
- Number Talks
- Which One Doesn't Belong?
- Numberless Word Problems

I used to think my job was to teach students to see what I see. I no longer believe this. My job is to teach students to see; and to recognize that no matter what the problem is, we don't all see things the same way. But when we examine our different ways of seeing, and look for the relationships involved, everyone sees more clearly; everyone understands more deeply.

—Ruth Parker

author of *Digging Deeper: Making Number Talks Matter Even More* (among other things)

CCSS Mathematical Practice 1

Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

Mathematically proficient students start by explaining to themselves the meaning of a problem and looking for entry points to its solution.

They analyze givens, constraints, relationships, and goals.

They make conjectures about the form and meaning of the solution and plan a solution pathway rather than simply jumping into a solution attempt.

They consider analogous problems, and try special cases and simpler forms of the original problem in order to gain insight into its solution.

They monitor and evaluate their progress and change course if necessary.

Sample Grade 3 State Test Problem

The corner deli sells roses in bunches of 6. If Dylan buys 3 bunches of roses, how many roses does he have?

A. 6 18%

B. 9 46%

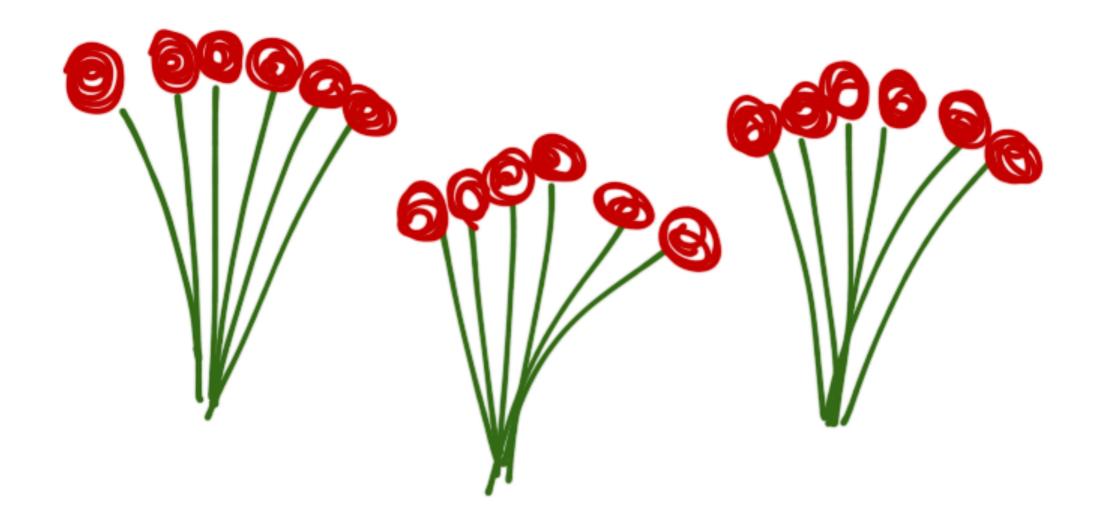
C. 18 31%

D. 24 4%

Combined scores of the 160 third graders in a group of four low-performing schools I used to support.

Sample Test Problem, Revised

The corner deli sells roses in bunches of 6. Dylan bought 3 bunches. Draw a picture of the story.



Your Job: Believe All Your Students Have Ideas About Every Problem

Your Related Job: Your Students Should Believe They Have Ideas About Every Problem

Eliciting Students' Ideas

Q: What's one way to cultivate a classroom focused on students' ideas rather than answers?

A: Get rid of the question. Literally.

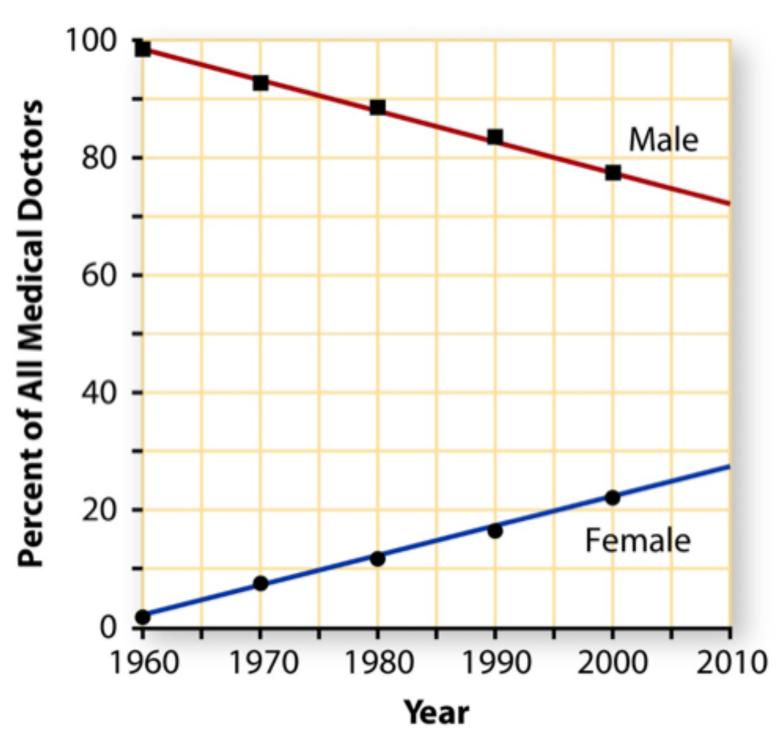
Get Rid of the Question

Apple juice costs 50¢. The juice machine accepts quarters, dimes, and nickels.

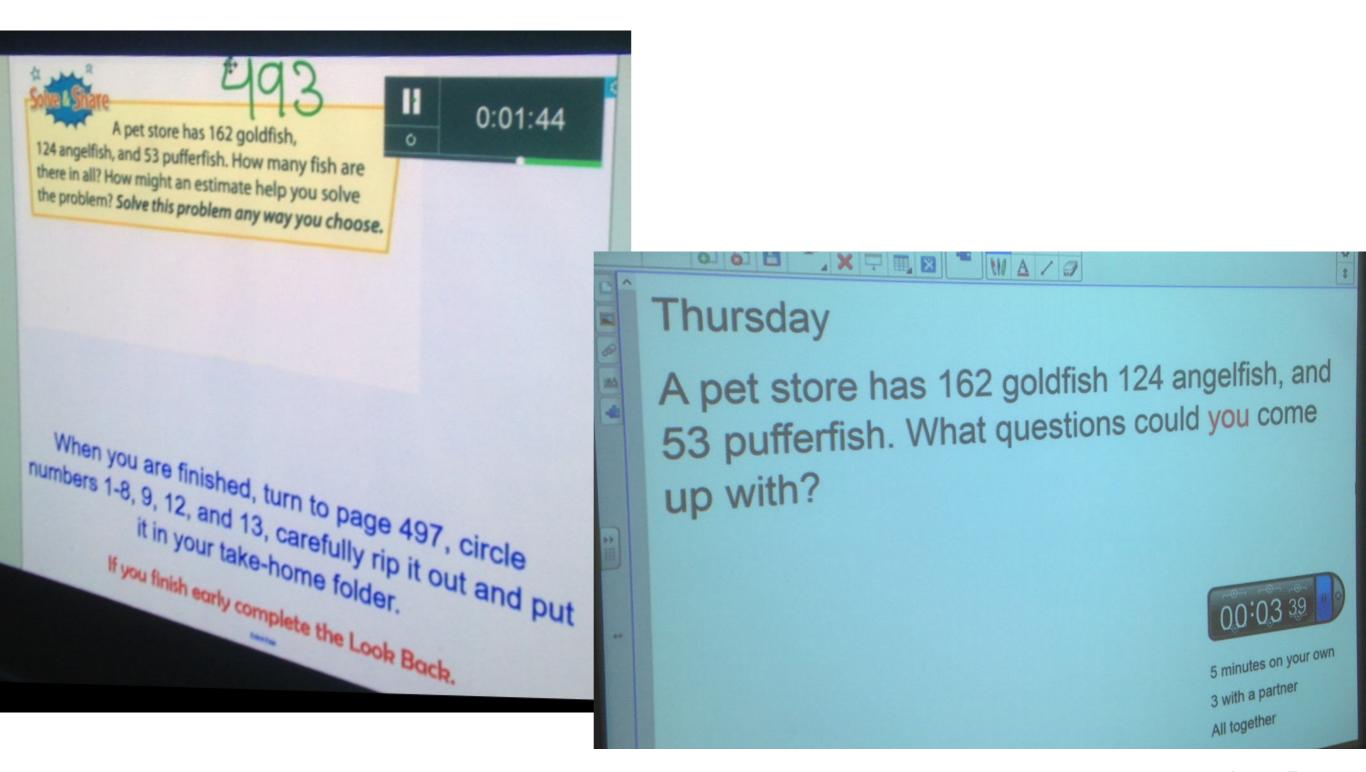
1 Notice	1 Wonder

Get Rid of the Question

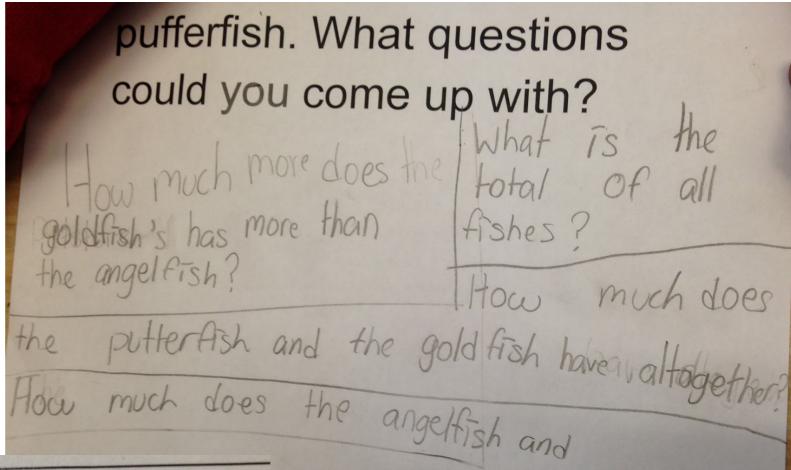
Male and Female Medical Doctors

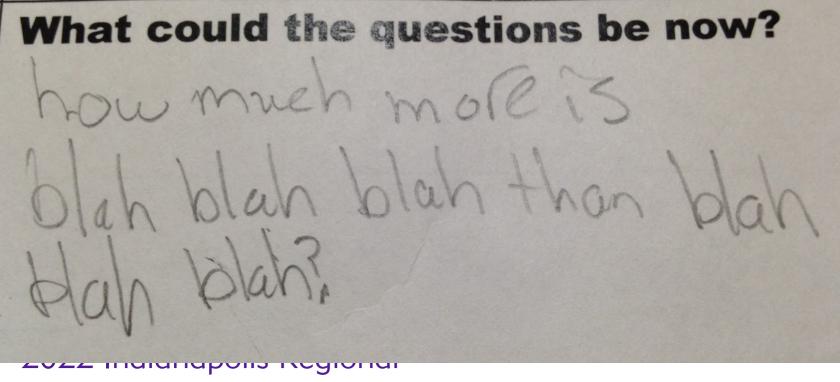


Ask for Questions, Not Answers



Ask for Questions, Not Answers





Annie Fetter
@MFAnnie
#NoticeWonder

Eliciting Students' Ideas

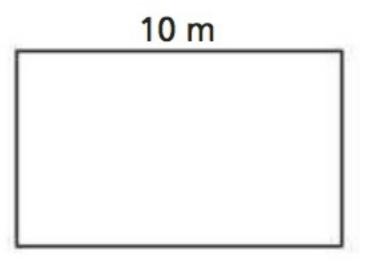
Q: What's another way to cultivate a classroom focused on *students' ideas* rather than *answers*?

A: Get rid of the question and the numbers.

Get Rid of the Question and the Numbers

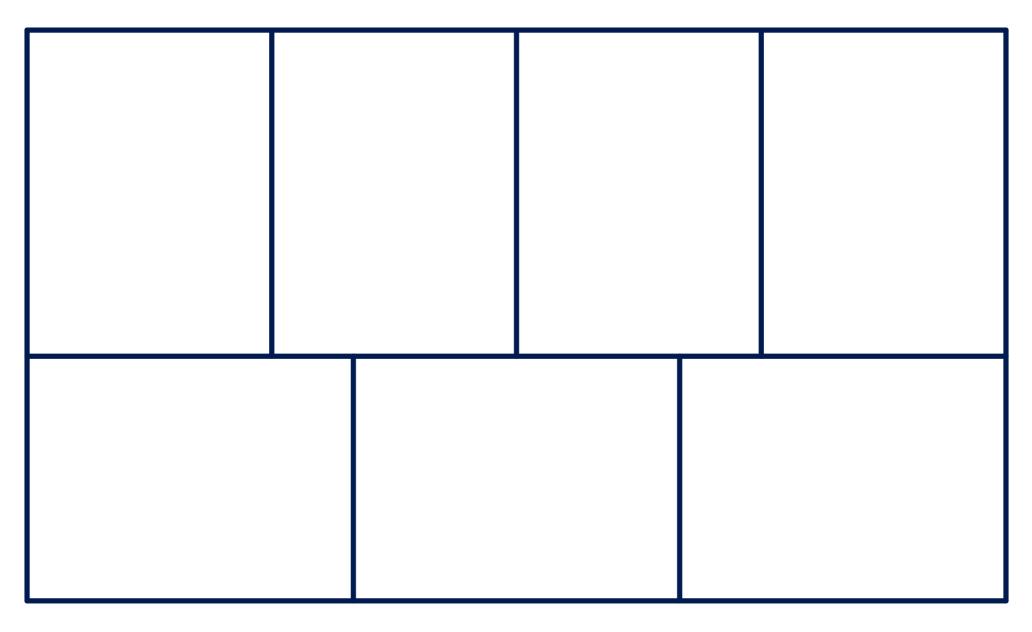
15. The area of the rectangle is

One side of the rectangle has a length of 10 meters.



Get Rid of the Question and the Numbers

The seven small rectangles in this figure are congruent.



Eliciting Students' Ideas

Q: What's another way to cultivate a classroom focused on *students' ideas* rather than *answers*?

A: Give the answer and let the students do the work.

Give the Answer (or Several!)

Rachel bakes cookies and delivers them to her friends.

- It takes 8 minutes to mix the batter.
- The cookies bake for 9 minutes.
- For 6 minutes they cool.

If the answer is 23 minutes, what is the question? If the answer is 3 minutes, what is the question? If the answer is bake, what is the question?

Eliciting Students' Ideas

Q: What's another way to cultivate a classroom focused on *students' ideas* rather than *answers*?

A: Ask about ideas, not answers.

This can be really simple:

"Tell me something about number 7."

instead of

"What's the answer to number 7?"

Ask About Ideas, Not Answers

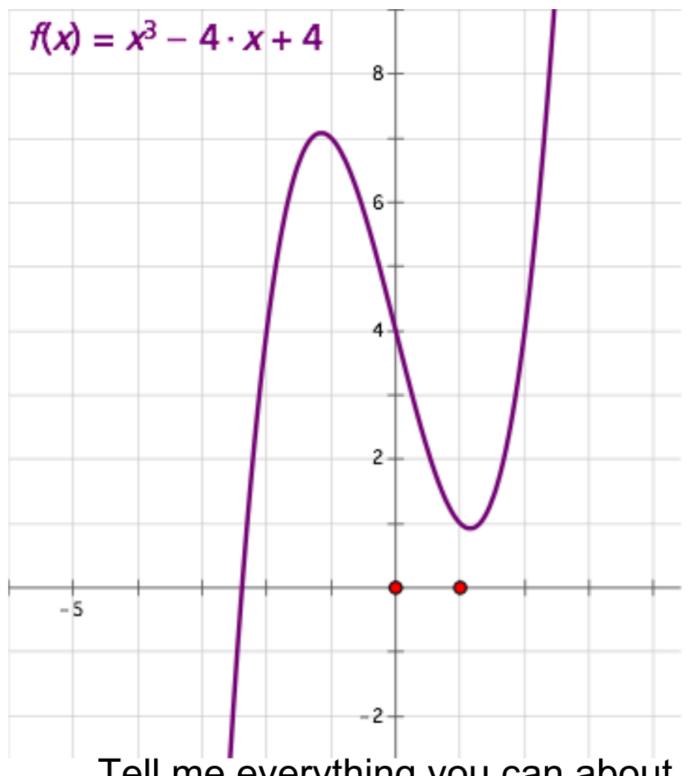
1. Suppose 5 U.S. dollars (5 USD) can be exchanged for 64 Mexican pesos. What operation would be used to find the value of 1 USD in pesos?

division

Find the value of 1 USD in pesos.1 USD = $\frac{12.8}{}$ pesos

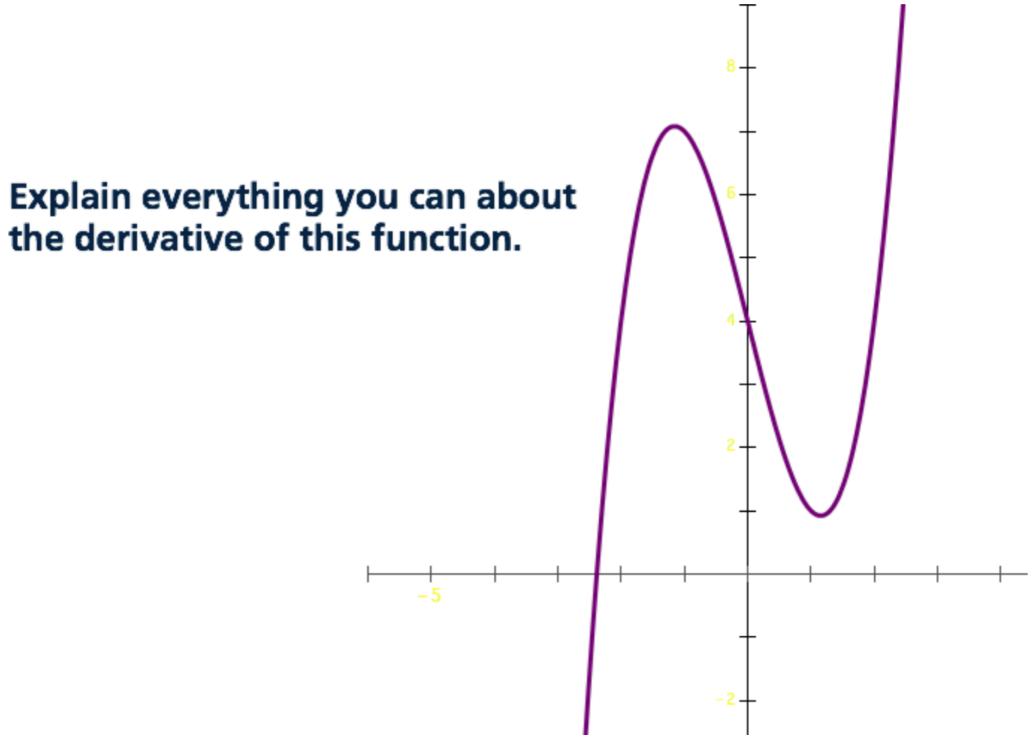
Tell everything you can about this statement: 5 U.S. dollars (5 USD) can be exchanged for 64 Mexican pesos.

Ask About Ideas, Not Answers



Tell me everything you can about the derivative of this function.

Ask About Ideas, Not Answers



Teacher Questions

"Why?"

"How do you know?"

"How did you decide?"

"Tell me more about that."

Ways to Encourage Elicit Students' Ideas Rather Than Answers

- Get rid of the question.
- Get rid of the question and the numbers.
- Give the answer.
- Ask about ideas, not answers.

Thoughts from Other Sessions

Jackie Palmquist: Number Talks for Secondary Students: An Opportunity for Equity, Voice, and Mathematical Reasoning

https://www.thumbsupmath.com/

Thoughts from Other Sessions

Jessica Breur and Ella Hereth: Let's Talk about It: Using Desmos to Encourage Math Conversations

Using Desmos Snapshots to Share Students' Voices and Ideas

Thoughts from Other Sessions

Susie Hakansson: Increase Underserved Students'
Mathematical Agency by Using Equity Commentators in
Lesson Study

"Teachers are designing lessons for students to show their brilliance."

Things 5th Graders Say about NW-ing

"...it helps me see new things I wouldn't have seen."

"...there are multiple answers so you can't really be wrong with it."

"...helps me look at a problem in a way I never thought of."

"...you get to think about the problem more and you realize more."

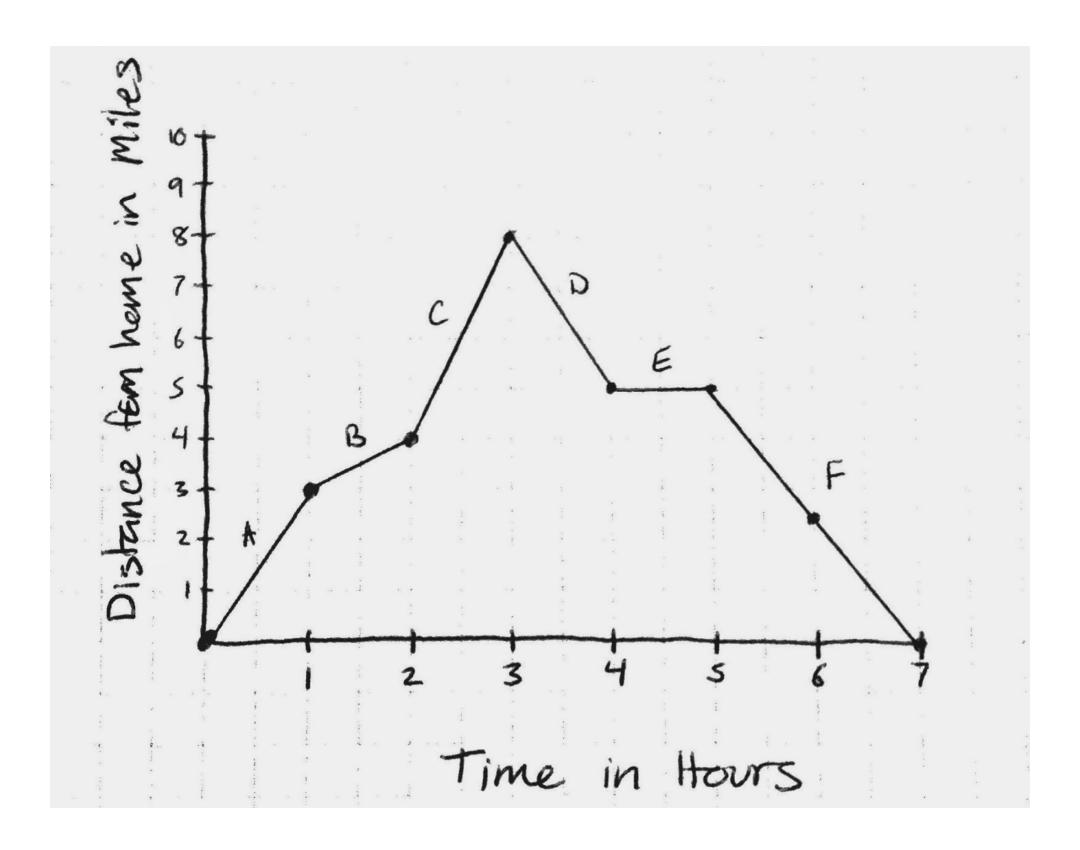
"...we don't have to do math at all, we just need to think on it without stress."

"You get to share your own thinking and no one can ruin it."

—Aya, Grade 2

How Do You Do This in a Time Crunch?

courtesy of @TinaCardone



Replying to @MFAnnie

@MFAnnie when I gave the graph and did notice/wonder first I didn't have to answer nearly so many questions when they did the handout

5:36 PM · Nov 24, 2014 · Tweetbot for iOS

Replying to @MFAnnie

@MFAnnie worth the few minutes it took and meant we skipped wrap up discussion (they already had it) drawingonmath.blogspot.com/2014/11/distan...

5:37 PM · Nov 24, 2014 · Tweetbot for iOS

http://drawingonmath.blogspot.com/2014/11/distance-graph.html





"We" dont give students enough credit! I had my Ss graph points for sinx & cosx, then #noticewonder about their graphs. They noticed EVERYTHING I wanted to teach them and the discussion was amazing! Thanks @saravdwerf & @MFAnnie for inspiring me! #MTBoS #iteachmath #NWMNmath

8:13 PM - 15 Feb 2019

As young teachers, we believed our job was to carefully explain what we knew about mathematics to our students. We asked questions and listened to our students' answers but our listening was aimed at assessing whether our students got what we had explained rather than uncovering their understanding of the content.

We now see that we missed valuable opportunities to develop students' understanding because we did not elicit their ideas or relate their ideas to the content we were teaching.

—Susan B. Empson and Linda Levi Extending Children's Mathematics: Fractions and Decimals

Thanks for coming!